JBRARY

LEEK RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Annual Report

for the Year ending 31st December, 1947

By

H. KELSO WATSON

Medical Officer of Health



LEEK RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

For the

YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1947

By

H. KELSO WATSON, Medical Officer of Health

SANITARY AND HOSPITALS COMMITTEE

Chairman: Councillor J. W. Evans.

Vice-Chairman: Councillor G. Shufflebotham.

Members: Councillors G. Baker, W. E. Battersby, J. Bennison, H. C. Brown, A. Buckley, T. W. Buxton, G. Chawner, W. Cooper, R. W. Critchlow, C. R. Critchlow, R. W. Evans, R. G. Grindon, W. Hambleton, F. Hargreaves, J. Harrison, R. Jackson, G. Jervis, G. W. Leese, J. A. Maynard, J. Needham, E. J. Oakes. J. Robinson, Mrs. G. Sigley, J. G. Stubbs and F. Turner.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health.

H. KELSO WATSON, M.B., Ch.B.

Sanitary Inspector.

F. HEMINGWAY, M.S.I.A., Certified Food Inspector.

Additional Sanitary Inspector.

D. K. PEDLEY, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., Certified Food Inspector.

REPORT

The Leek Rural District extends over 72,623 acres. The main occupations are farming and mining. The population in 1947 was $15,\,960.$

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area	72,623 acres.
Number of inhabited houses	4,704
Rateable Value	£58,339
Sum represented by penny rate	£235
Population	15,960
Number of persons per acre	.22

VITAL STATISTICS

Live Births	${f M}$	F	TOTAL
Legitimate	159	128	287
Illegitimate	5	8	13
	164	136	300

Birth rate per 1,000 of the Population--18.07

Stillbirths	${f M}$	F	TOTAL
Legitimate	5	1	6
Illegitimate	-	-	
	5	1	6

Rate per 1,000 total births-20.01

Deaths (all ages)	M	\mathbf{F}	TOTAL
	109	74	183

Death rate per 1,000 of the population-11.4

Deaths of Infants (Under 1 year)	M	F	TOTAL
Legitimate	6	4	10
Illegitimate	-	-	_
	6	4	10

Death rate per 1,000 live births-33.1

TUBERCULOSIS

The table below shows the number of cases on the Tuberculosis Register, and figures for the two preceding years are given for comparison purposes.

		ılmonar berculos				ionary ilosis			and (ary)
	\mathbf{M}	F Tot	al	\mathbf{M}	\mathbf{F}	Γotal	\mathbf{M}	FΊ	otal
1947	69	68 13	37	29	28	57	98	96	194
1946	75	65 - 14	10	29	33	62	104	98	202
1945	74	63 13	37	28	33	61	102	96	198

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The incidence of Infectious diseases in the Schools of the district during 1947 is as follows:—

JANUARY—Influenza, Scarlet Fever, Chicken Pox, Measles, Whooping Cough.

FEBRUARY-Chicken Pox.

MARCH-Scarlet Fever, Measles, Whooping Cough.

APRIL-Measles.

MAY-Scarlet Fever, Chicken Pox, Measles.

JUNE—Scarlet Fever, Measles, Chicken Pox, Whooping Cough JULY—Measles.

AUGUST-

SEPTEMBER-Whooping Cough.

OCTOBER—Chicken Pox, Whooping Cough, Mumps, Scarlet Fever.

NOVEMBER-Chicken Pox, Whooping Cough.

DECEMBER-Chicken Pox, Whooping Cough, Mumps.

The figures below show the Incidence of Infectious Diseases in 1947 in comparison to those of the previous year:

	1947	1946
Measles	44	14
Whooping Cough	15	10
Diphtheria	_	2
Pneumonia	7	4
Scarlet Fever	13	14
Erysipelas	3	2
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	1	1
Dysentery	-	1
Acute Poliomylitis	2	
Para Typhoid Fever	-	1
Pneum. Meningitis	1	
Total Cases	86	49

Incidence of Infectious Diseases

Parishes	Measles	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria	Pneumonia	Scarlet Fever	Erysipelas	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis	Acute Poliomvlitis	Pneum. Meningitis
Alstonefield	11								
Bagnall Bradnop	4								
Butterton	6	6			1				
Endon and Stanley Fawfieldhead	U				1				
Grindon Heathylee									
Heaton									
Hollinsclough Horton							1		
Ilam Leekfrith	2								
Longnor	_			1					
Longsdon Norton-in-the-Moors	16			î	9	1		1	
Onecote Quarnford	1	8		3		1		1	
Rushton	1	1		1	2				
Sheen Tittesworth	2								1
Warslow and Elkstones Wetton	1			1	1	1			
Total	44	15	_	7	13	3	l	2	1
Months	of	Oc	cur	ren	ce				
January				2	2	1			١,
February March	2 2 5			1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1			
April	5	1		1			1		
May June	30	1			1 4				
July August		3			4			2	
September	1			1					
October November		6		2	1 2	1			
December						1			
Total	44	15	_	7	13	3	1	2	1

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

Number of Children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to

		31st I	31st December, 1947	1947				
Age at 31.12.47i.e. Born in Year	Under 1 1947	$\frac{1}{1946}$	2 1945	3	1943	5 to 9 1938-1942	5 to 9 10 to 14 Total 938-1942 1933-1937 under 15	Total under 1
Number Immunised	Nii	55	142	168	242	662	765	1994
Estimated		Child	Children under five	five		Children	Children 5—14	i i
Mid-year child population 1947			1289			218	2183	

No. of cases of diphtheria notified-Nil.

No. of deaths from diphtheria—Nil.

Table of Infant Deaths

Cause of Death	Total under r Year	Under I Week	Weeks	2-3 Weeks	3-4 Weeks	Weeks Months Months Months Months Months	3-6 Months	6-9 Months	9—12 Months
Convulsions	4 0						-		
Totals	10	10				રા		रु।	

Table II
Leek Rural District

Cause of Death	All ages	Under 1	r and under 2	2 and under 5	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 45	45 and under 65	65 and upwards
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Diphtheria	3 1 1 3 6 6 16 2 34 53 7 11 3 4 7 0 1 2 1 4 2 1 4 1 4 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2	1 1 4					1 1 1 1 1 2	2 4 3 6 10 10 1 1	1 2 3 9 2 2 42 5 7 2 3 6
Totals	183	10					13	40	120

Table III
Causes of Death in Leek Rural District, 1947

Causes of Death	Males	Females
All Causes	109	74
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers Cerebro-Spinal Fever Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Tuberculosis of respiratory system Other forms of Tuberculosis Syphilitic Diseases Influenza Measles Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioence-phalitis	3	1 1 1
Acute Infencephalitis	1 4 8 20 38	2 6 8 1 13 27
Other diseases of circulatory system Bronchitis Pneumonia	2 4 5	4
Other Respiratory diseases	3	1
Other digestive diseases	3	3
Other maternal causes	1	1
infant dis Suicide Road traffic accident Other violent causes	1 3 1	2 1 1
All other causes	10	1

Table IV

Birth-rates, Civilian Death-rates, Analysis of Maternal Mortality and Case rates for certain diseases in the Year 1947. Provisional figures based on Weekly and Quarterly Returns,

Weekly and Q	uarterly Reti	urns.		1150		Daseu	ı on
		Engiar and Wale		126 C, Bs, and Great Towns including London	To Res 25000	maller owns sident op. - 50000 Census	London Adm. County
Births		*Rate	s pe	r 1,000 Ci	vilia	n Pop	ulation :-
Live Births Still Births		20.5		23.3 0.62		2.2 0.54	22.7 0.49
Deaths All Causes Typhoid and F Scarlet Fever Whooping Coug Diphtheria Influenza Smallpox Measles	Paratyphoid h	12.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0 0 2 1 9 0 1	13.0 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.01 0.09 0.00 0.02 per 1,000		1.9 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.08 0.00 0.02 e Birt	12.8 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.08 - 0.01 hs:
Deaths under o Age Deaths from Dia Enteritis unde	rrhoea and	41	++	47	ę	36	37
age		5.8		8.0		3.7⋅	4.8
* A dash (-) signifies that there were no deaths. § Per 1,000 related births. ‡ Rates per 1,000 population.							
			_	1,000 Civ			
Notifications:— Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Cerebro Spinal Fever Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Erysipelas Smallpox Measles Pneumonia		0.0 0.0 0.0; 1.3' 2.22 0.1; 0.19 0.00 9.4:	1 5 7 2 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0.01 0.01 0.06 1.54 2.41 0.15 0.21 0.00 9.13 0.89		0.00 0.01 0.05 1.37 2.02 0.14 0.18 0.01 9.58 0.68	0.01 0.01 0.05 1.31 2.80 0.14 0.22 0.00 5.29 0.64
(a) Notification		Ratespe	r 1,	000 Total	Birth	ns (Live	e & Still)
Puerperal Fever Puerperal Pyrex		7.16	3	8.99	(6.27	1.21 6.94‡
(b) Maternal N	Iortality in	Englar	nd a	and Wale	s:		
No. 140 Abortion with Sepsis	No. 141			No. 147 Puerpera Infection		Nos.	142-6 148-150 Other
0.10	0.06			0.16			0.85
Abortion:—Morta England and V		llion w	om	nen aged	15-	45 in	
No. 140 With	Sepsis		,	No. 141 V	Vith	out S	epsis
9					5		

[!] Including Puerperal fever.

Sanitary inspection of the Area— Summary of Visits

HOUSIN	G:			
(A)	Inspection of Houses for defects 14	8		
(B)	Houses inspected under Hobhouse			
	Survey 30	_		
(C)	Visits re Building Licences 45			
(D)		3		
(E)		2		
(F)		9		
(G)	New Houses in Course of Erection 1	3		
(H)	Council's Housing Site—Endon 4	4		982
Inspectio	on of Premises for Nuisances	_		60
	Food Supply			58
	Inspections			153
_	ins Laid			21
Cowshed	s and Dairies			108
	m Premises			27
Infectiou	s Diseases			28
Visits re	Water Supplies			157
Samples	of Water taken			118
Refuse a	nd Nightsoil Collection			118
Knacker	s' Yards			19
Petroleu:	m Stores			38
Factories	5			31
Rat and	Mice Infestations			62
Fumigat	ions			28
Samples	of Sewage Effluents taken			_
Public C	onveniences			2
Conversi	ons			22
Miscella	neous Visits		• • •	184
				2216
NOTICE	S SERVED			
		115		
	Informal Notices Statutory Notices	115 19		
	-	19	90	
\ <i>/</i>	Number of Nuisances Remedied		29	
	Number of defective dwellings endered fit following service of			
	Statutory and informal notices		62	

Water Supply, Sewerage and Scavenging

	((8)	(b)	(c)
		Number of	Number of	Number of Houses
	., , ,	Houseawith		from which
Parish	Houses	Piped water Supply	Sewerage System	Nightsoil is removed
	1 1100363	l Buppiy	System	· Icinovea
Alstonefield	121			
Bagnall	290	200‡		57
Bradnop	88	2004		"
Butterton	73			
Endon and Stanley	533	463‡	273	93
Fawfieldhead	113		_	
Grindon	75			
Heathylee	81			
Heaton	102			
Hollinsclough	58			200
Horton	282			36
Ilam	29			
Leekfrith	136	22*		
Longnor	132			20
Longsdon Norton-in-the-Moors	205 1722	101 [‡] 1497 [‡]	1031	20 647
Onecote	77	1497+	1021	041
Quarnford	83			
Rushton	185			
Sheen	89			
Tittesworth	40.			
Warslow and Elkstones	117	1		1
Wetton	73			
m	4=0.1		400	
Total	4704	2283	1304	853

(a) ‡Supplied by the Staffordshire Potteries Water Board
*Supply gravitating from spring at Hollinschugh

*Supply gravitating from spring at Hollinsclough.

(b) Three sewage disposal Works—one in the Parish of Endon and Stanley, and two in the Parish of Norton-in-the-Moors.

(c) Scheme undertaken by direct labour as from September, 1947—previously carried out by contract.

NIGHTSOIL COLLECTION.

In September this year the Council took over the collection of nightsoil which previously had been undertaken by three private contractors covering the parishes of Bagnall, Endon and Stanley, Horton (part), Longsdon and Norton-in-the-Moors.

The Council purchased a Karrier vehicle which is manned by three men, comprising a driver and two mates, and it is gratifying to note that the area previously covered by the three private contractors is now efficiently worked by the one vehicle, giving a fortnightly service.

giving a fortnightly service.

The number of complaints of non-collection of nightsoil have been most considerably reduced since the changeover. In fact the few complaints that have been received, have been from addresses from where the nightsoil had not been regularly collected previously, which addresses had not been recorded.

The Council has on order an additional vehicle and when this is delivered, the service will be extended to other parts of

the area.

WATER SUPPLIES

It will be observed from the table on the previous page that approximately one half of the houses in the district are afforded with a piped water supply, the remainder depending mainly upon shallow and deep wells, boreholes and springs as sources of supply. In the extreme Eastern parishes the water supply is most inadequate and in many cases water has to be carried considerable distances.

In general the water supply has been satisfactory both in quantity and quality. During the year 59 samples of water were taken for bacteriological examination and 59 samples for

chemical analysis, the results being tabulated below.

	NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN		REST	ULTS	
	For Bacteriological Examination	For Chemical Analysis	Fit	Unfit	
Wells	15	15	1	14	
Private Piped Supplies	14	14	2	12	
Springs	23	23	4	19	
*Boreholes	6	6	3	3	
Streams	1	1		1	
Total	59	59	10	49	

The percentages of unfit samples appears to be unduly high, but this cannot be assumed to be a true representation of the area as the majority of the samples were not taken at random, but taken upon receipt of complaints by consumers who were suspicious of the appearance or palatability of their drinking water.

Upon receipt of the results of water samples from the Laboratory, copies of the reports are in every case transmitted to the consumer or person requesting the analysis, and advice given as to boiling, etc., when an unsatisfactory report is re-

ceived.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

No new works of sewerage and sewage disposal were carried out during the year.

Hobhouse Report—Housing Survey

During the year a further 301 houses were inspected under the Housing Survey, making a total of 524 houses inspected since the survey commenced, and classified as follows:

			Total Number
		Year	Ins-
		1947	spected.
CATEGORY	1—Satisfactory in all respects	66	117
	2—Minor defects	83	104
27	3—Repairs or structional		
	alterations	130	271
2,	4—Reconditioning — H. (R.W.)		
	Acts	1	1
,,	5—Unfit	21	31
		301	524

Thirteen new cases of overcrowding were revealed during the year, making a total of 20 cases recorded since the survey commenced in October, 1946: 2 cases in the parish of Bagnall, 1 case in the parish of Healthlee, 5 cases in the parish of Longnor, 11 cases in the parish of Norton-in-the-Moors, and 1 case in the parish of Bradnop. The latter case has since been aleviated.

The survey has chiefly been confined to the parish of Norton-in-the-Moors, though inspections have from time to

time been made in other parts of the area.

Although every effort is being made to complete the survey at the earliest moment much time is occupied in the necessary clerical work involved, the service of notices and revisits to property, in respect of which notices for repairs to be cardied out have been served.

Control of Civil Building—Building Licences

During the year under review 4 licences for new dwellings were granted, totalling $\pounds 3,580$ and 22 new houses were completed in this period.

Building licences for repairs, alterations, adaptations, etc., to

property were issued as	s Iollows:—	
Housing	423	£27,899
Other than housing	135	8,143
		
TOTAL	558	£36,042

Inspection of Dwelling Houses During the Year

(1) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for

		housing defects (under the Public Health or Housing Acts)	449
((b)	Number inspections made for the purpose	467
(2)	(a)	Number of dwelling houses (included under subheading (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1925	301
((b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	319
(3)		Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	54
(4)		Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-heading) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	152
REN	MEI	OY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOU SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICE	\mathbf{T}
		Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or its Officers	62
ACTI	ON	UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YE	EAR
((a)	Proceedings under the Housing Act 1936	Nil
((b)	Proceedings under the Public Health Act 1936	Nil

(c) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which an undertaking not to use a dwelling for human habitation was accepted. (Housing Act 1936).

Nil

ICE CREAM (HEAT TREATMENT, ETC.) REGULATIONS, 1947.

The new legislation under the above title relating to ice cream, became operative on May 1st this year. Briefly, the regulations deal with the manufacture of a "complete cold mix", the preparation, heat-treatment and consequent cooling of all other ice cream, and the hygienic conditions of preparation, storage and distribution. The complete cold mix is manufactured into ice-cream by the addition of wholesome water to a product which has been made by evaporating a liquid mixture which has been submitted to heat treatment as prescribed in the regulations.

Before the regulations came into force a visit was paid to all premises registered under the Food, Drugs Act for the sale, manufacture and storage for sale of Ice Cream, and the occupiers acquainted with the new Regulations. The premises were inspected, and in a few cases they were found to be unsatisfactory, and work to these has been and is being carried out to bring them up to the standard laid down. Attention to personal cleanliness is a most important matter and strict attention to this is given and its needs stressed upon the handlers of the commodity. It is pleasing to report, however, that in no case have either dirty premises or dirty habits been found to exist.

The Ice Cream (Heat Treatment) Regulations are a most welcome addition to our legislation.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

PART I OF THE ACT

1.—**INSPECTIONS** for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors)

		Number of			
Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers Prosecuted	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	21	21			
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enformed by the Local Authority	10	10			
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority ‡ (ex- cluding out - workers' premises)					
TOTAL	31	31			

2.—CASES IN WHICH **DEFECTS** WERE FOUND

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more "cases")

	No. 0	cases in whi	ich defects w	ere found	Number of cases in
Particulars			Refer	red	which pros'cutions
	Found	Remedied	To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	were instituted
Want of clanliness (S.I.) Overcrowding (S.2) Unreasonable temperature (S.3) Inadequate ventilation (S.4). Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	I			I	
TOTAL	2			2	

[‡] i.e. Electrical Stations [Section 103 (1)], Institutions (Section 104) and sites of Building Operations and Works of Engineering construction (sections 107 and 108).

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK (Sections 110 and 111)

Nil.

Milk Supply

(a) Number of Producers of	Milk 1374
(b) Number of Producers (i	ncluded in (a)) f Accredited Milk 349
(c) Number of Producers (in of Tuber)	ncluded in (a)) culin Tested Milk 12
Supplementary Licences g	ranted to sell Pasteurised Milk 1
Dealers' Licences granted to	sell Tuberculin Tested Milk

Meat and Other Foods

Number of Slaughterhouses Licenced	
Number of Knacker's Yards licenced	1
Number of men holding licence to slaughter	21

Weight of Foods Condemned

(a)	Tinned Foods		8	lbs.
(b)	Miscellaneous	Foods	211	lbs.
			219	lbs.

H. KELSO WATSON

Medical Officer of Health

F. HEMINGWAY

Sanitary Inspector

